

DISCLAIMER: This document is intended for instructional purposes only and is not intended as legal advice. We recommend you consult with an attorney to review this document regarding your compliance with the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. § 1681 et seq.) related to background screening and consumer notices and disclosures.

FCRA NOTICE – BACKGROUND INVESTIGATION

In connection with your employment application with [**insert company name**] (the “Company”), this notice is intended to inform you that a consumer report will be obtained on you from a consumer reporting agency for employment purposes. These purposes may include for hiring, retention, promotion or reassignment. The report may contain information about you relating to your criminal information or history, driving and/or motor vehicle records, verification of your education or employment history, social media or other background checks.

[End of Document]

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AUTHORIZATION FOR BACKGROUND INVESTIGATION

By signing below you hereby authorize the obtaining of consumer reports by the Company at any time after receipt of this authorization and throughout the course of your employment.

You understand that the scope your authorization is not limited to the present and, if you are hired, will continue throughout the course of your employment and allow the Company to conduct future screenings for retention, promotion or reassignment, as permitted by law and unless revoked by you in writing.

I hereby authorize the obtaining of consumer reports by the Company at any time after receipt of this authorization. To this end, I authorize any law enforcement agency, administrator, state or federal agency, institution, school or university (public or private), information service bureau, employer, or insurance company to furnish any and all background information requested by [Insert CRA Name] and/or the Company.

Signature:	Print Name (including middle name):
Date:	Social Security Number:
Driver's License # and State of Issuance:	Date of Birth:
Email Address:	Current Address:

DISCLAIMER: These disclosures are intended for instructional purposes only and are not intended as legal advice. We recommend you consult with an attorney to review these disclosures to determine their applicability under state law to your specific circumstances.

STATE LAW NOTICES AND DISCLOSURES – BACKGROUND INVESTIGATION

The following disclosures are being provided pursuant to state law.

MASSACHUSETTS, MINNESOTA and OKLAHOMA: If you are a resident of Massachusetts, Minnesota or Oklahoma, or applying for employment in one of these states, please check the box if you would like to receive a copy of your consumer report, free of charge, if one is obtained by the Company.

Check box to receive report

MINNESOTA: If you are a Minnesota resident or applying for employment at a location within Minnesota, you have the right to submit a written request to [Insert CRA Name] | [Insert CRA Address] | [Insert CRA Toll-free Number], for a complete and accurate disclosure of the nature and scope of any consumer report the Company ordered about you. The consumer reporting agency must provide you with this disclosure within five business days after its receipt of your request or the report was requested by the Company, whichever date is later.

NEW JERSEY: If you are a New Jersey resident or applying for employment at a location within New Jersey, by signing below you acknowledge receipt of the New Jersey Fair Credit Reporting Act provisions.

NEW YORK: If you are a New York resident or applying for employment at a location within New York, you have the right to inspect and receive a copy of any investigative consumer report requested by the Company by contacting [Insert Name and Address of CRA] Phone: [XXX].

NEW YORK: If you are a New York resident or applying for employment at a location within New York, by signing below you acknowledge receipt of a copy of [Article 23-A](#) of the New York Correction Law.

RHODE ISLAND: If you are a resident of Rhode Island or applying for employment at a location within Rhode Island, the Company may request a credit report from a consumer reporting agency in connection with your application for employment.

VERMONT: If you are a Vermont resident or applying for employment at a location within Vermont, by signing below you acknowledge receipt of the NOTICE – BACKGROUND INVESTIGATION AND USE OF CREDIT INFORMATION.¹

¹ Pursuant to Vermont law, employers requesting a credit report must provide job applicants/employees with a notice identifying the specific basis under 21 V.S.A. § 495i for use of the report.

WASHINGTON STATE: If you are a Washington resident or applying for employment at a location within Washington State, you have the right to request from [Insert CRA Name] | [Insert CRA Address] | [Insert CRA Toll-free Number] a written summary of your rights and remedies under the Washington Fair Credit Reporting Act.

Signature:	Print Name:
Date:	

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NOTICE – BACKGROUND INVESTIGATION

NEW JERSEY RESIDENTS

New Jersey Residents or Employees – this summary of the provisions of the New Jersey Fair Credit Reporting Act (“NJFCRA”) is being provided to you pursuant to state law (N.J.S.A. § 56:11-28 et seq.)

- Before an employer can obtain a consumer report about you from a consumer reporting agency they must provide you with a clear and conspicuous disclosure in writing that such may be obtained for employment purposes. You must provide written consent to the procurement, for employment purposes, of a consumer report.
- When using a consumer report for employment purposes, before taking adverse action based in whole or in part on the report, an employer must provide you with a copy of the consumer report and a description in writing of your rights under the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act as well as the NJFCRA.
- You must be afforded a reasonable opportunity to dispute, with the consumer reporting agency, any information on which the employer relied upon in your consumer report.
- You can request from a consumer reporting agency all information in your file, upon proper identification. This includes sources of information and identification of each person who procured a consumer report for employment purposes during the two-year period preceding your request. These requests must be made during normal business hours and on reasonable notice. It can be done in person or by telephone, if you have made a written request and pay the toll charge. A consumer reporting agency must provide trained personnel to explain to you any information in the consumer report.
- You can dispute inaccurate information with the consumer reporting agency. If you dispute the completeness or accuracy of any of the information in your file, the consumer reporting agency must reinvestigate free of charge during a 30-day period. A consumer reporting agency must provide written notice to you of the results of the reinvestigation not later than five business days after completion of the reinvestigation.
- If, after a reinvestigation, any information disputed by you is found to be inaccurate or incomplete or cannot be verified, the consumer reporting agency must promptly delete that item of information from your file or modify that item of information, as appropriate, based on the results of the reinvestigation.
- You can seek damages for noncompliance under the NJFCRA.

NOTICE – BACKGROUND INVESTIGATION

NEW YORK RESIDENTS

New York Residents or Employees – this summary of the provisions of the New York Correction Law is being provided to you pursuant to state law.

Article 23-A Licensure and Employment of Persons Previously Convicted of One or More Criminal Offenses

§ 750. Definitions

For the purposes of this article, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- (1) “Public agency” means the state or any local subdivision thereof, or any state or local department, agency, board or commission.
- (2) “Private employer” means any person, company, corporation, labor organization or association which employs ten or more persons.
- (3) “Direct relationship” means that the nature of criminal conduct for which the person was convicted has a direct bearing on his fitness or ability to perform one or more of the duties or responsibilities necessarily related to the license, opportunity, or job in question.
- (4) “License” means any certificate, license, permit or grant of permission required by the laws of this state, its political subdivisions or instrumentalities as a condition for the lawful practice of any occupation, employment, trade, vocation, business, or profession. Provided, however, that “license” shall not, for the purposes of this article, include any license or permit to own, possess, carry, or fire any explosive, pistol, handgun, rifle, shotgun, or other firearm.
- (5) “Employment” means any occupation, vocation or employment, or any form of vocational or educational training. Provided, however, that “employment” shall not, for the purposes of this article, include membership in any law enforcement agency.

§ 751. Applicability

The provisions of this article shall apply to any application by any person for a license or employment at any public or private employer, who has previously been convicted of one or more criminal offenses in this state or in any other jurisdiction, and to any license or employment held by any person whose conviction of one or more criminal offenses in this state or in any other jurisdiction preceded such employment or granting of a license, except where a mandatory forfeiture, disability or bar to employment is imposed by law, and has not been removed by an executive pardon, certificate of relief from disabilities or certificate of good conduct. Nothing in this article shall be construed to affect any right an employer may have with respect to an

intentional misrepresentation in connection with an application for employment made by a prospective employee or previously made by a current employee.

§ 752. Unfair discrimination against persons previously convicted of one or more criminal offenses prohibited

No application for any license or employment, and no employment or license held by an individual, to which the provisions of this article are applicable, shall be denied or acted upon adversely by reason of the individual's having been previously convicted of one or more criminal offenses, or by reason of a finding of lack of "good moral character" when such finding is based upon the fact that the individual has previously been convicted of one or more criminal offenses, unless:

- (1) there is a direct relationship between one or more of the previous criminal offenses and the specific license or employment sought or held by the individual; or
- (2) the issuance or continuation of the license or the granting or continuation of the employment would involve an unreasonable risk to property or to the safety or welfare of specific individuals or the general public.

§ 753. Factors to be considered concerning a previous criminal conviction; presumption

1. In making a determination pursuant to section seven hundred fifty-two of this chapter, the public agency or private employer shall consider the following factors:

- (a) The public policy of this state, as expressed in this act, to encourage the licensure and employment of persons previously convicted of one or more criminal offenses.
- (b) The specific duties and responsibilities necessarily related to the license or employment sought or held by the person.
- (c) The bearing, if any, the criminal offense or offenses for which the person was previously convicted will have on his fitness or ability to perform one or more such duties or responsibilities.
- (d) The time which has elapsed since the occurrence of the criminal offense or offenses.
- (e) The age of the person at the time of occurrence of the criminal offense or offenses.
- (f) The seriousness of the offense or offenses.
- (g) Any information produced by the person, or produced on his behalf, in regard to his rehabilitation and good conduct.
- (h) The legitimate interest of the public agency or private employer in protecting property, and the safety and welfare of specific individuals or the general public.

2. In making a determination pursuant to section seven hundred fifty-two of this chapter, the public agency or private employer shall also give consideration to a certificate of relief from disabilities or a certificate of good conduct issued to the applicant, which certificate shall create a presumption of rehabilitation in regard to the offense or offenses specified therein.

§ 754. Written statement upon denial of license or employment

At the request of any person previously convicted of one or more criminal offenses who has been denied a license or employment, a public agency or private employer shall provide, within thirty days of a request, a written statement setting forth the reasons for such denial.

§ 755. Enforcement

1. In relation to actions by public agencies, the provisions of this article shall be enforceable by a proceeding brought pursuant to article seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules.

2. In relation to actions by private employers, the provisions of this article shall be enforceable by the division of human rights pursuant to the powers and procedures set forth in article fifteen of the executive law, and, concurrently, by the New York city commission on human rights.

NOTICE – BACKGROUND INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON STATE RESIDENTS

Washington State Residents or Employees – this summary of the provisions of the Washington State Fair Credit Reporting Act (WFCRA) is being provided to you pursuant to state law. The WFCRA is designed to promote accuracy, fairness, consumer confidentiality and the proper use of credit data by each consumer reporting agency (CRA) in accordance with the requirements of the WFCRA.

The WFCRA is modeled after, and generally provides the same rights as, the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act (FCRA) (15 U.S.C. § 1681 *et seq.*) A summary of your rights under the FCRA is available at http://files.consumerfinance.gov/f/201504_cfpb_summary_your-rights-under-fera.pdf.

The complete text of the WFCRA RCW 19.182, can be obtained from the:

Washington Code Revisers Office
P.O. Box 40551
Olympia, WA 98504

Online at <http://apps.leg.wa.gov/rcw/default.aspx?cite=19.182&full=true%20-%2019.182.070>.

One significant distinction between the FCRA and the WFCRA is that in Washington, an employer may not obtain a consumer report that indicates the consumer's credit worthiness, credit standing, or credit capacity, unless (1) the information is substantially job related and the employer's reason(s) for using the information are disclosed in writing, or (2) the information is required by law.

The following is a summary of your major rights under the WFCRA:

- **You will be required to provide proper identification before reviewing your consumer file.** Proper identification may include your Social Security number. You may request to review your file at any time. A CRA will make disclosures of your file available to you during normal business hours and on reasonable notice. File disclosures may be done in person or by telephone, if you have made a written request and pay the toll charge, as applicable, or by any other reasonable means. A CRA will provide trained personnel to explain to you any information in your consumer report. Upon request, and proper identification, you may be permitted to bring one additional person with you to review your consumer file. If the CRA provides you with a credit score, the agency will also provide you with an explanation for that credit score.
- **You have a right to know what is in your file.** Upon proper identification, you may request and obtain all the information about you in the CRA's files, although medical information may be withheld, and instead will be disclosed to a health care provider of your choice. Your health care provider may disclose your medical information to you

directly. Your file disclosure will include all items of information the CRA maintains about you, including sources of information (except sources acquired solely for use in an investigative report). The file will also identify each person who procured your consumer report for employment purposes during the two-year period preceding your request, or any person who procured your report for any other purpose within the six-months prior to your request. When applicable, a record of inquiries the CRA received identifying you in a credit transaction that was not initiated by you in the six-months prior to your file disclosure request. Each of these records will include the name of the person or trade name of the business that sought your consumer file, and upon your request, their respective addresses.

- **You are entitled to one free consumer report every 12 months, upon request.** In many cases, your file disclosure will be free. You may be charged a limited fee for a second or subsequent report requested by you during a 12 month period. You will also not be charged for:
 - a consumer report if a person has taken adverse action against you because of information in your report;
 - the reinvestigation of information you dispute; or
 - corrected reports resulting from the deletion of inaccurate or unverifiable information.
- **You must be told if information in your file has been used against you.** If a person takes an adverse action against you that is based, in whole or in part, on information contained in a consumer report, that person must tell you (usually, through a written notice), and must give you the name, address, and telephone number of the CRA that provided the information.
- **You have a right to dispute incomplete or inaccurate information.** If you identify information in your file that is incomplete or inaccurate, and you notify the CRA directly of the dispute, the CRA will reinvestigate without charge and record the current status of the disputed information before the end of thirty business days, unless your dispute is frivolous. Upon completion of the reinvestigation, within five business days of the CRA's decision, the agency will provide you notice in writing or through another authorized means, of the results of the reinvestigation. If the CRA determines that your dispute is frivolous the agency will inform you of that determination, along with its reasons, and your rights under the WFCRA within five business days.
- **Consumer reporting agencies must correct or delete inaccurate, incomplete, or unverifiable information.** Upon completion of the reinvestigation, if the information you disputed is found to be inaccurate or cannot be verified, the CRA must delete the information and notify you of the correction. Information that has been found to be inaccurate will not be reinserted into your consumer file, unless the furnisher of the information verifies the accuracy and completeness of that information. In such circumstances, you will be notified, within thirty business days that the information is being reinserted into your file. If the reinvestigation does not resolve your dispute, you may file with the CRA a brief statement (that may be limited to 100 words) setting forth the nature

of your dispute. The statement will be placed in your consumer file and in any subsequent report containing the information you disputed.

- **You have the right to request that users of your consumer report be notified of any disputed information they previously received within the statutory time frame.** After certain disputed information has been deleted or you have filed a statement of dispute, you may request that the CRA provides notification of that deleted item or item of dispute to any person you designate who has, within two years received your consumer report for employment purposes, or who has within six months received your report for any other purpose, if the furnished report contained the deleted or disputed information.
- **Consumer reporting agencies may not report outdated negative information.** In most cases, a CRA may not report negative information that is more than seven years old, or bankruptcies that are more than ten years old.
- **You have the right to advanced disclosure of any fees.** Any charges for file disclosures or other requested actions to be taken by the CRA must be disclosed to you before the information is provided or the action is taken.
- **Access to your file is limited.** A CRA may provide information about you only to people with a valid need – usually to consider an application with a creditor, insurer, employer, landlord, court or government agency, or in accordance with your written instructions.
- **You must be notified if reports are provided to employers.** A CRA may not give out information about you to employers without your knowledge. A potential employer must make a clear and conspicuous disclosure in writing to you or obtain your consent before obtaining a report. A current employer may not receive a report unless it has given you written notice that reports may be used for employment purposes.
- **You must be notified in writing if a person seeks an investigative consumer report about you.** An investigative consumer report may include information as to your character, general reputation, personal characteristics, and mode of living. Within a reasonable period of time after receiving such notice, you may request, in writing, a disclosure as to the nature and scope of the investigation requested—which will be delivered to you within five days of your request.
- **You may limit “prescreened” offers of credit and insurance you get based on information in your credit report.** You may elect not to receive unsolicited “prescreened” offers for credit and insurance by using the CRA’s notification system to remove your name and address from the lists these offers are based on. You may opt-out with the nationwide credit bureaus at 1-888-5-OPTOUT (1-888-567-8688).
- **You may place a security freeze on your credit report.** Under certain circumstances, you may request that a security freeze be placed on your credit report to prevent it from being shared with potential creditors or insurance companies when making determinations related to your eligibility for credit.

- **You may be able to block information resulting from identity theft from appearing on your credit report.** If you are a victim of identity theft, certain CRAs must permanently block misinformation resulting from that theft from appearing on your credit report. You must provide the CRA with a copy of a police report as evidence of your claim before it can place the block on your report.
- **You may seek damages from violators.** If a CRA, a user of consumer reports, or a furnisher of information to a CRA violates the WFCRA, and you have a legal basis for a claim under the WFCRA, you may be able to bring a legal action in court to assert your rights under the WFCRA. The applicable statute of limitations is specified in Wash. Stat. § 19.182.120—which is generally two years from the date the cause of action accrued. Consumers who prevail on claims to enforce the WCFRA may obtain actual damages, monetary penalties, reasonable attorneys’ fees, costs, and other relief.

For questions or concerns regarding the WFCRA, please contact:

Office of the Attorney General
Consumer Protection Division
800 5th Avenue, Suite 2000
Seattle, Washington 98104-3188
Phone 1-800-551-4636 or (206) 464-6684
Statewide Toll-Free TDD: 800-833-6388

Any complaints by consumers under state law may be directed to:

The Attorney General’s Office via U.S. Mail or Online.
Information and forms related to filing a consumer complaint can be found at:
<http://www.atg.wa.gov/FileAComplaint.aspx>
Additional information about consumer issues can be found at:
<http://www.atg.wa.gov/consumer-issues>

**NOTICE – BACKGROUND INVESTIGATION AND
USE OF CREDIT INFORMATION**

VERMONT RESIDENTS

Vermont Residents or Employees – this summary of the provisions of the 21 V.S.A. § 495i is being provided to you pursuant to state law.

Your employer intends to obtain a credit report or credit history about you from a credit reporting agency for employment purposes. In doing so it meets one of the following exemptions allowing it to obtain such information related to your employment or position:

- The information is required by State or federal law.
- The position of employment involves access to confidential financial information.
- The employer is a financial institution as defined in 8 V.S.A. § 11101(32) or a credit union as defined in 8 V.S.A. § 30101(3).
- The position of employment is that of a law enforcement officer as defined in 20 V.S.A. § 2358, emergency medical personnel as defined in 24 V.S.A. § 2651(6), or a firefighter as defined in 20 V.S.A. § 3151(3).
- The position of employment requires a financial fiduciary responsibility to the employer or a client of the employer, including the authority to issue payments, collect debts, transfer money, or enter into contracts.
- The employer can demonstrate that the information is a valid and reliable predictor of employee performance in a specific position of employment.
- The position of employment involves access to the employer's payroll information.

An employer that is permitted to obtain a credit report or credit history may not use an employee's or applicant's credit report or history as the sole factor in decisions regarding employment, compensation, or a term, condition, or privilege of employment.